



FOOD SAFETY MEASURES

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ANNOTATION

The article will talk about the fact that in order to ensure the stability of food, price in their territories, the task is set to develop new ideas and recommendations on ensuring the interests of farmers, increasing productivity, primarily in connection with the need for the full implementation of market mechanisms in grain products.

Keywords: food, market mechanisms, productivity increase, economic policy, grain enterprises, state order, innovation market.

At present, in the process of continuous provision of material and spiritual needs of the new Uzbekistan, the result of previous efforts was the need to implement the demand for the period of full introduction of market mechanisms on the scale of our country in order to achieve stability of rising food prices in the world, which did not meet the requirements of a Through these relations, it is necessary to improve the mechanism of the grain market in order to ensure the interests of farms and peasant farms.

Due to the right and far-sighted wise economic policy pursued at the initiative and leadership of the president of our country, as well as a video meeting on 11 May 2022, dedicated to the important stage of grain reform, it was noted that due to the shortage in the consumption of the population in the supply of food products in the world markets, At this meeting, in connection with the need to fully implement market mechanisms in grain products, first of all, in ensuring the stability of food and price in all regions of the Republic, the task was set to produce new ideas and recommendations on increasing productivity, ensuring the interests of farmers.

It should be noted that in recent years, more than 160 large private grain enterprises with a capacity of 3 million tons have been launched on the territory of Uzbekistan due to the presence of conditions for a further increase in the total production of 97.5% of the total grain produced in the Republic of farms, and in 2021 more than 3.5 The fact that 43 grain enterprises within the company"



uzdonmahsulot " are not yet ready to work effectively in the conditions of a new market mechanism is not fully used in its production facilities, as well as the inadmissibility of looting cases at state grain enterprises until hanuz is also criticized analytically.

Until now, it has been revealed that the equipment and technologies in state grain enterprises are being produced in an outdated system, and the processing enterprises have not been given a beneficial opportunity either.

Sh.Mirziyoyev will continue to introduce market mechanisms in grain production. "People's word" may 12, 2022 No. 97 the transfer of grain grown under the influence of the state plan of farms and peasant farms of Uzbekistan to the state felt that it was not profitable to engage in the sale of grain from state enterprises at prices established from above. Since 2021, the step-by-step cancellation of the state order in the cultivation of grain, which farmers and our people are waiting for, and an extensive system for the implementation of an important innovation market mechanism for the formation of a real grain market will begin.

The transfer of grain grown under the influence of the state plan of farms and peasant farms of Uzbekistan to the state was carried out on a contractual basis, and it was not beneficial for grain to be sold from state enterprises at prices established from above. Since 2021, the state order in the cultivation of grain, which farmers and our people are waiting for, has been gradually canceled, and an extensive system for the implementation of the Mukhim innovation market mechanism will begin on the formation of a real grain market.

Under the leadership of our state, the transition to the market system has been carried out with all the necessary organizational work, and since June 1, 2022, the transition to existing market prices for the purchase and sale of grain by the state has been carried out. Farmers and clusters in the agrarian complex created opportunities by the state for the costs of bringing the grain they cultivated to exchange trades. The cost of one ton of grain purchased, for which public resources are needed, was increased from one million 550 thousand soums in 2021 to 3 million soums for the grain harvest in 2022, that is, 2 barovars. One million 783 thousand tons purchased by the Republican agricultural fund will be released on the exchange depending on such extirerations. In this case, farmers will be given a positive difference in the Middle, based on the average prices formed on the exchange in July-August.



To do this, more than 6 trillion soums are allocated from the state for the difference in the amount of the difference in the price of purchase and sale (the difference in the price of the purchase and sale). In addition, 500 thousand tons of grain, which will remain at the disposal of farmers, will be accepted for temporary storage in grain enterprises, and from June 1, for the first time, farmers and clusters themselves will be released for sale at a market price to stock exchanges. In this case, the costs of temporary storage of 500 thousand tons of wheat at Grain enterprises will be covered by the state. Farmers will also be exempted from exchange fees for the 2022 wheat crop. From the state registration of wheat-growing farms and clusters, exchange registration and the organization of their training by attaching brokers will be established. In 2022, 7.6 trillion soums were allocated for the total grain yield. A full-fledged, fair and open-ended operation of the new system, the timely full delivery of each sum to the farmer and cluster, the "daybay" control system to prevent price increases and shortages have been introduced.

It should be noted that starting in 2022, farmers in the districts are strictly forbidden to take away grain from farmers under the pretext that the plan is not being met, livestock, poultry and fishery need food. "There is no interregional restriction on wheat sold through the exchange", emphasizes the President.

For the working capital of enterprises and private enterprises operating in the conditions of the market mechanism, the state allocates credit resources in the amount of 800 billion soums.

The head of State gave clear instructions and recommendations on increasing the number of enterprises, expanding and increasing the productivity of grain fields and covering transportation and logistics costs working for timely and fast delivery of flour and flour products to good quality, remote and remote villages. In this process, it is emphasized that it is personally responsible and responsible for preventing the shortage and interruption of products (grain and flour) in the market and ensuring the stability of prices by bringing products from regions, regions and regions of the Republic and abroad (foreign countries).

From the "year of honor of human dignity and active neighborhood" to the full supply of grain and flour products (foods such as wheat, gurunch, mosh, soy, oats) in the household of each of the population, the privatization of grain enterprises of the state was also accelerated, and by August 1, 2022 it was established to trade the state share in 20 grain This year, the control of



precautions for grain and flour products was entrusted with the task of emergency prevention.

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